



جامعة فلسطين التقنية - خضوري
Palestine Technical University - Kadoorie

Digital Electronics and Logic Design

Converting One Flip Flops to the other

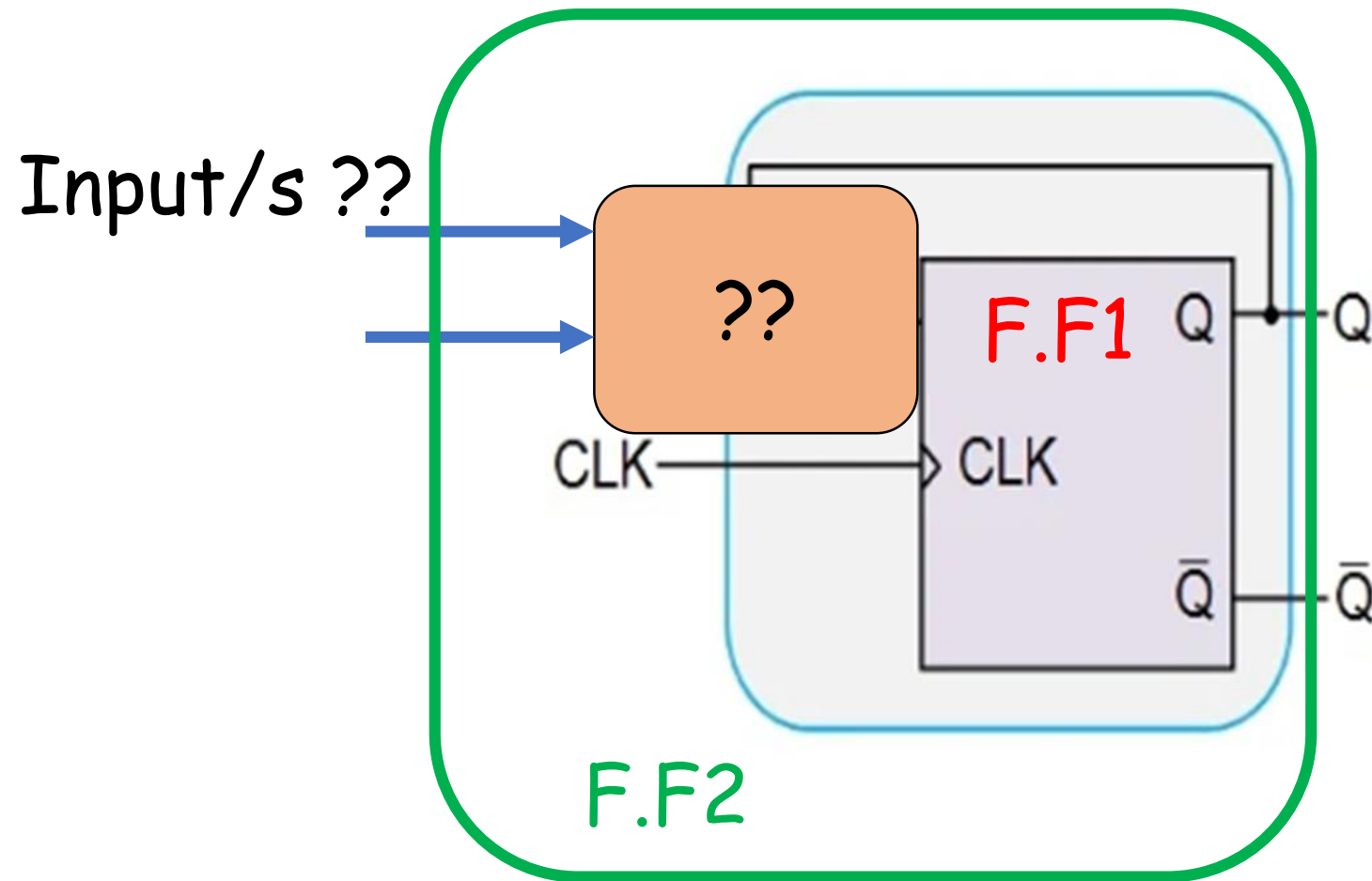
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Converting One Flip Flops (F.F1) to the other (F.F2)



Follow these **steps** for converting one flip-flop to the other.

- Consider the **characteristic table** of desired flip-flop.
- Fill the excitation values *inputs* of given flip-flop for each combination of present state and next state. The **excitation table** for all flip-flops is shown below.

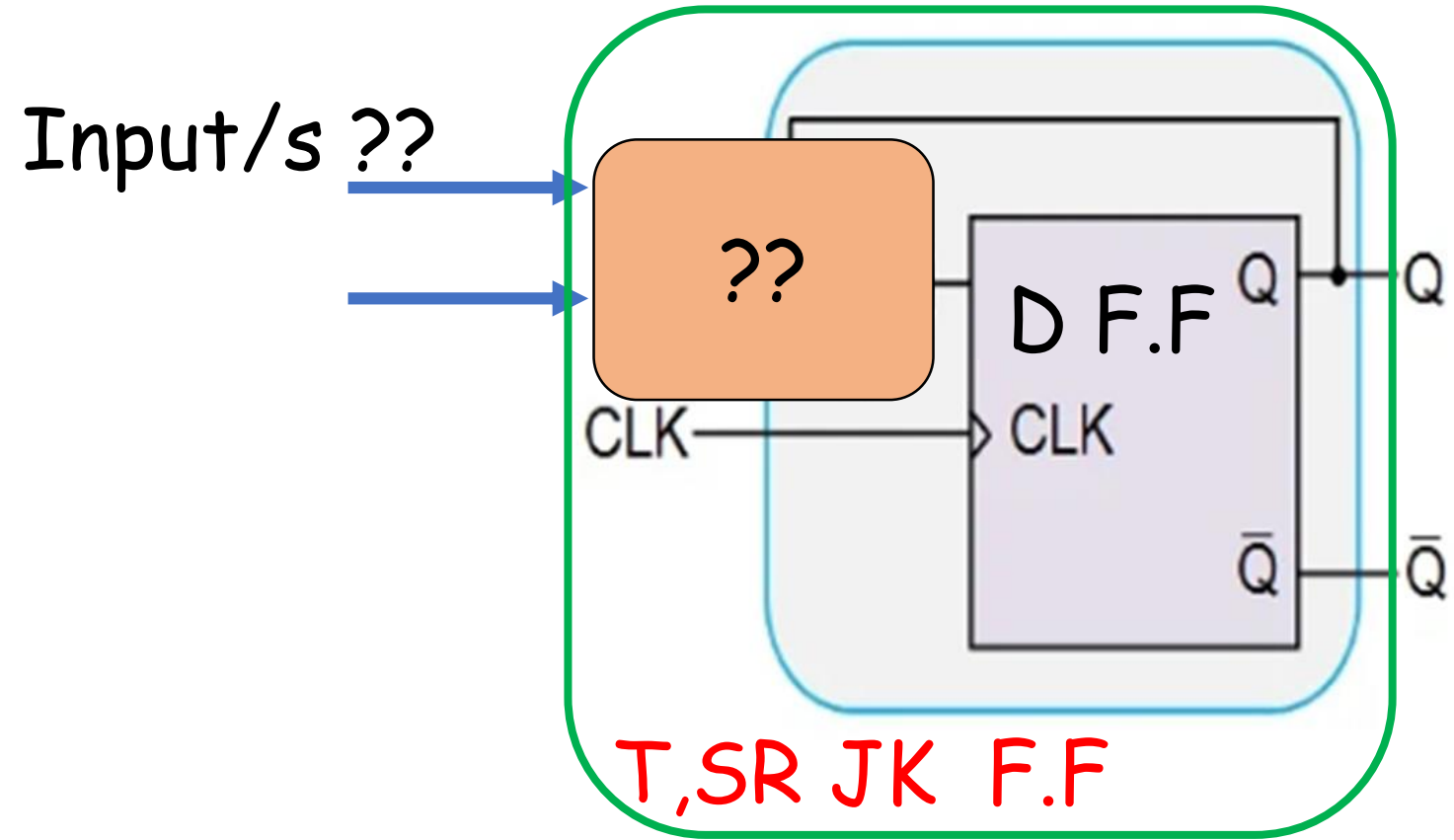
Present State	Next State	SR flip-flop inputs		D flip-flop input	JK flip-flop inputs		T flip-flop input
Q_t	Q_{t+1}	S	R	D	J	K	T
0	0	0	x	0	0	x	0
0	1	1	0	1	1	x	1
1	0	0	1	0	x	1	1
1	1	x	0	1	x	0	0

- Get the **simplified expressions** for each excitation input. If necessary, use Kmaps for simplifying.
- Draw the **circuit diagram** of desired flip-flop according to the simplified expressions using given flip-flop and necessary logic gates.

D Flip-Flop to other Flip-Flop Conversions

Following are the three possible conversions of D flip-flop to other flip-flops.

- D flip-flop to T flip-flop
- D flip-flop to SR flip-flop
- D flip-flop to JK flip-flop



D flip-flop to T flip-flop conversion

Here, the given flip-flop is D flip-flop and the desired flip-flop is T flip-flop. Therefore, consider the following **characteristic table** of T flip-flop.

T flip-flop input	Present State	Next State
T	Q_t	Q_{t+1}
0	0	0
0	1	1
1	0	1
1	1	0

state and next state. The **excitation table** for all flip-flops is shown below.

Present State	Next State	SR flip-flop inputs		D flip-flop input	JK flip-flop inputs		T flip-flop input
		S	R		J	K	
Q_t	Q_{t+1}	S	R	D	J	K	T
0	0	0	x	0	0	x	0
0	1	1	0	1	1	x	1
1	0	0	1	0	x	1	1
1	1	x	0	1	x	0	0

We know that D flip-flop has single input D. So, write down the excitation values of D flip-flop for each combination of present state and next state values. The following table shows the characteristic table of T flip-flop along with the **excitation input** of D flip-flop.

We know that D flip-flop has single input D. So, write down the excitation values of D flip-flop for each combination of present state and next state values. The following table shows the characteristic table of T flip-flop along with the **excitation input** of D flip-flop.

T flip-flop input	Present State	Next State	D flip-flop input
T	Q t	Q t + 1	D
0	0	0	0
0	1	1	1
1	0	1	1
1	1	0	0

$D = T\bar{Q}_n + \bar{T}Q_n$
 $= T \oplus Q_n$

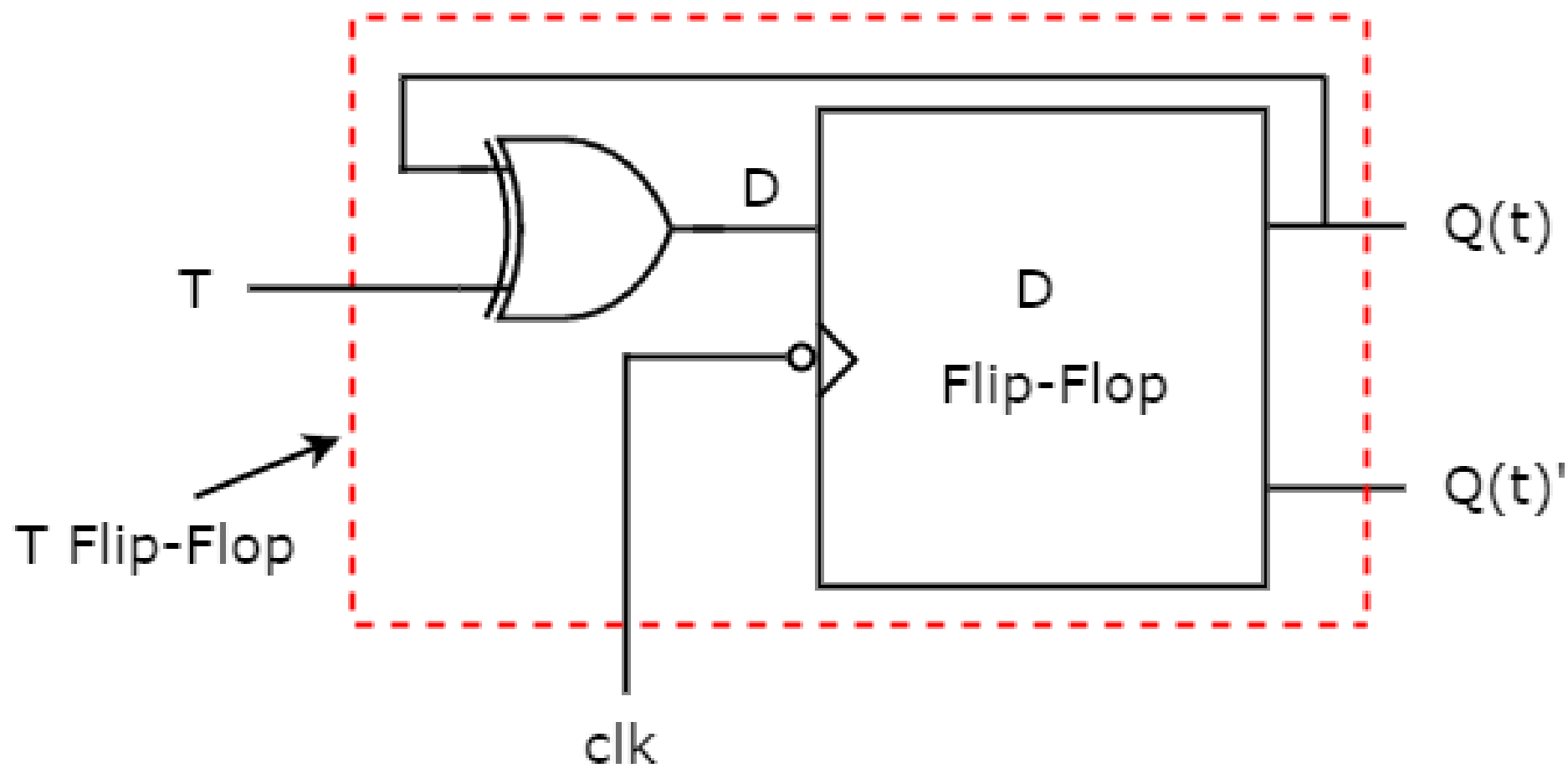
From the above table, we can directly write the **Boolean function** of D as below.

$$D = T \oplus Q(t)$$

state and next state. The **excitation table** for all flip-flops is shown below.

Present State	Next State	SR flip-flop inputs		D flip-flop input	JK flip-flop inputs		T flip-flop input
		S	R		J	K	
Q t	Q t + 1			D	J	K	T
0	0	0	x	0	0	x	0
0	1	1	0	1	1	x	1
1	0	0	1	0	x	1	1
1	1	x	0	1	x	0	0

So, we require a two input Exclusive-OR gate along with D flip-flop. The **circuit diagram** of T flip-flop is shown in the following figure.



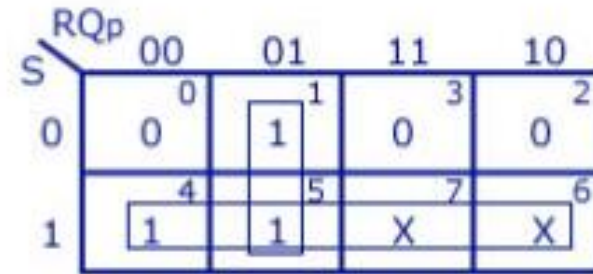
- D Flip Flop to SR Flip Flop

D Flip Flop to S-R Flip Flop

Conversion Table

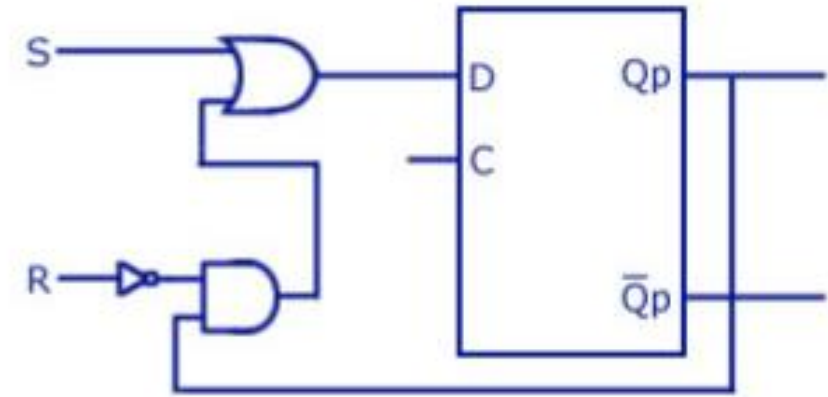
S-R Inputs		Outputs		D Input
S	R	Q _p	Q _{p+1}	
0	0	0	0	0
0	0	1	1	1
0	1	0	0	0
0	1	1	0	0
1	0	0	1	1
1	0	1	1	1
1	1	Invalid		Dont care
1	1	Invalid		Dont care

K-map



$$D = S + \bar{R}Q_n$$

Logic Diagram



state and next state. The **excitation table** for all flip-flops is shown below.

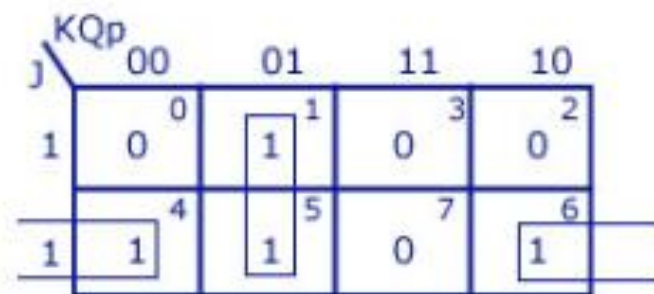
Present State	Next State	SR flip-flop inputs		D flip-flop input	JK flip-flop inputs		T flip-flop input
		S	R		J	K	
Q t	Q t + 1	S	R	D	J	K	T
0	0	0	x	0	0	x	0
0	1	1	0	1	1	x	1
1	0	0	1	0	x	1	1
1	1	x	0	1	x	0	0

D Flip Flop to J-K Flip Flop

Conversion Table

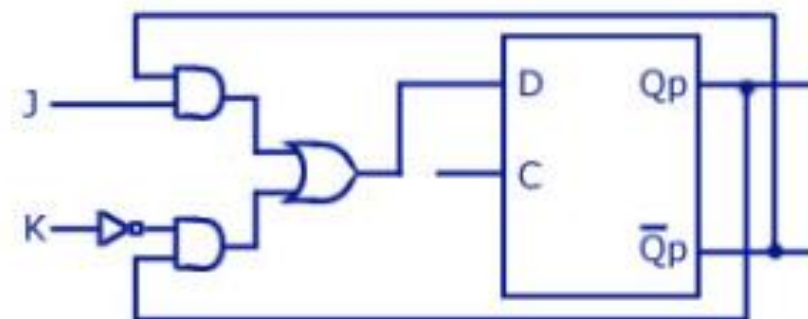
J-K Input		Outputs		D Input
J	K	Q _p	Q _{p+1}	
0	0	0	0	0
0	0	1	1	1
0	1	0	0	0
0	1	1	0	0
1	0	0	1	1
1	0	1	1	1
1	1	0	1	1
1	1	1	0	0

K-map



$$D = J\bar{Q}_p + \bar{K}Q_p$$

Logic Diagram



state and next state. The **excitation table** for all flip-flops is shown below.

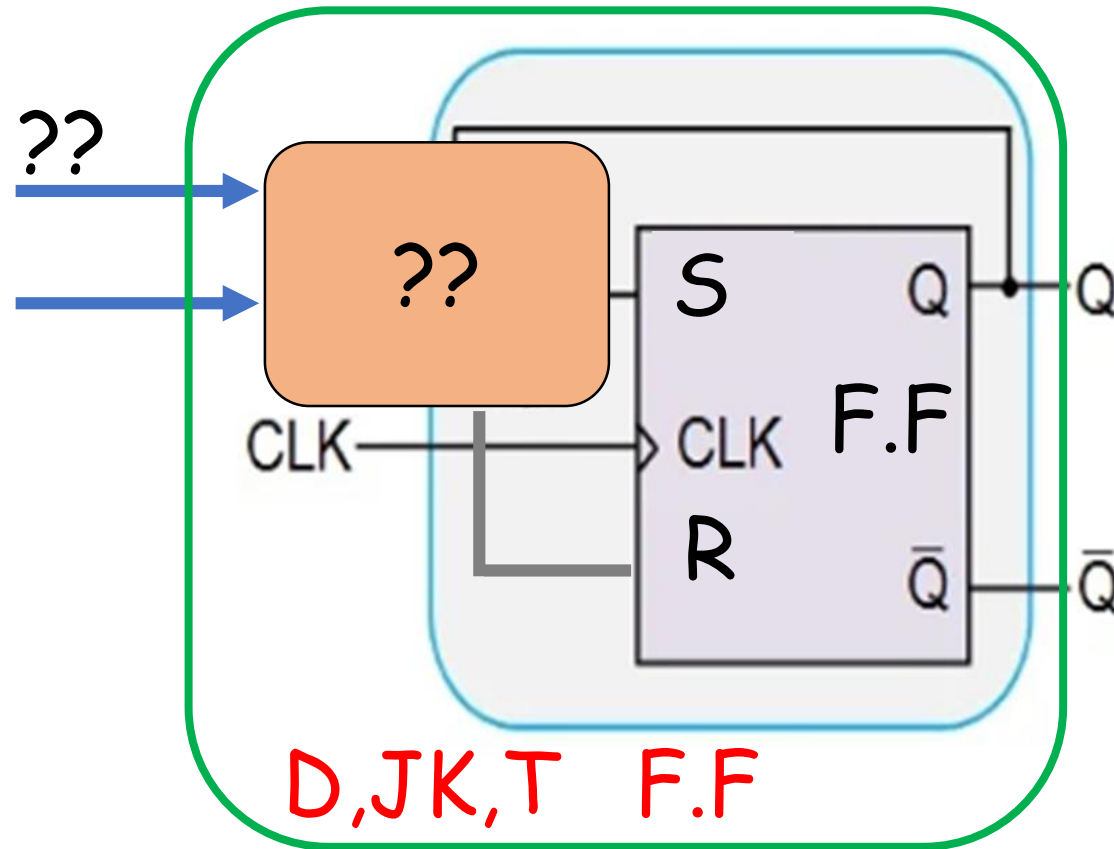
Present State	Next State	SR flip-flop inputs		D flip-flop input	JK flip-flop inputs		T flip-flop input
		S	R		J	K	
Q t	Q t+1	S	R	D	J	K	T
0	0	0	x	0	0	x	0
0	1	1	0	1	1	x	1
1	0	0	1	0	x	1	1
1	1	x	0	1	x	0	0

SR Flip-Flop to other Flip-Flop Conversions

Following are the three possible conversions of SR flip-flop to other flip-flops.

- SR flip-flop to D flip-flop
- SR flip-flop to JK flip-flop
- SR flip-flop to T flip-flop

Input/s ??

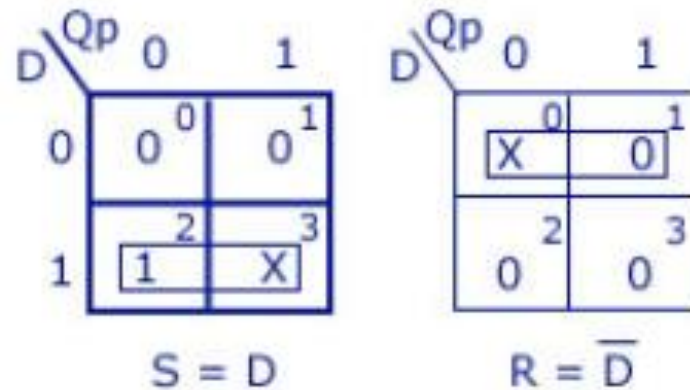


S-R Flip Flop to D Flip Flop

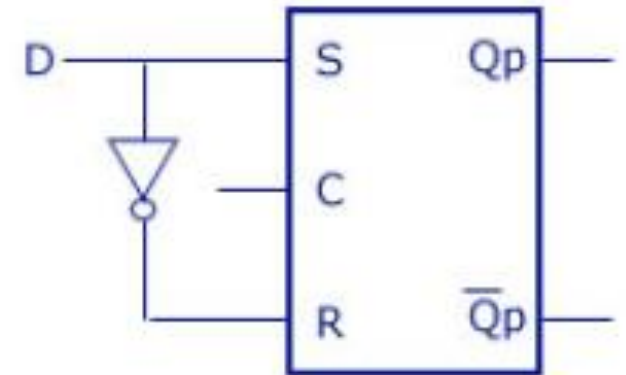
Conversion Table

D Input	Outputs		S-R Inputs	
	Q _p	Q _{p+1}	S	R
0	0	0	0	X
0	1	0	0	1
1	0	1	1	0
1	1	1	X	0

K-maps



Logic Diagram



state and next state. The **excitation table** for all flip-flops is shown below.

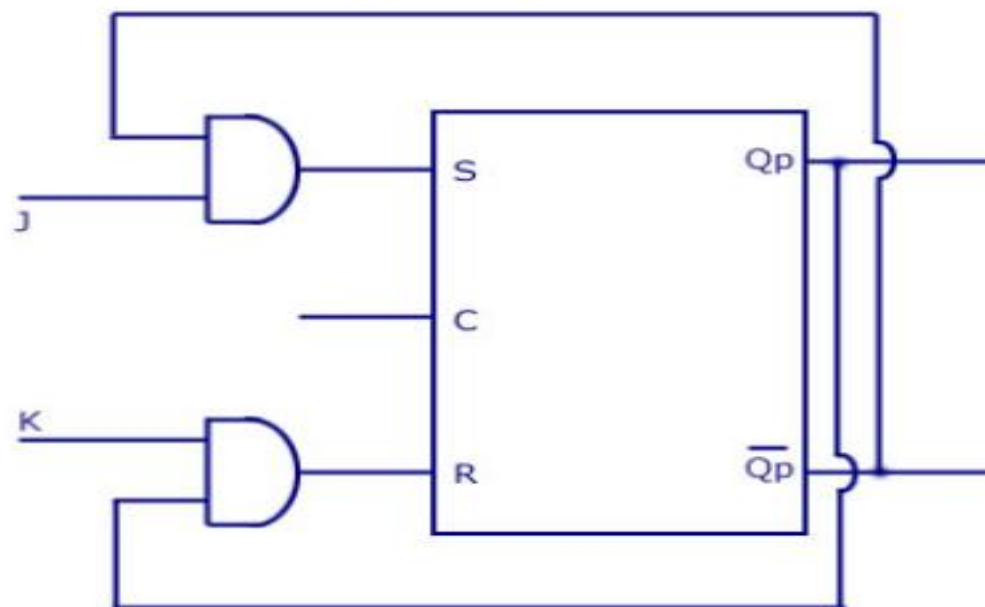
Present State	Next State	SR flip-flop inputs		D flip-flop input	JK flip-flop inputs		T flip-flop input
		S	R		J	K	
Q t	Q t+1	S	R	D	J	K	T
0	0	0	x	0	0	x	0
0	1	1	0	1	1	x	1
1	0	0	1	0	x	1	1
1	1	x	0	1	x	0	0

S-R Flip Flop to J-K Flip Flop

Conversion Table

J-K Inputs		Outputs		S-R Inputs	
J	K	Q_p	Q_{p+1}	S	R
0	0	0	0	0	X
0	0	1	1	X	0
0	1	0	0	0	X
0	1	1	0	0	1
1	0	0	1	1	0
1	0	1	1	X	0
1	1	0	1	1	0
1	1	1	0	0	1

Logic Diagram



		K Q_p			
J		00	01	11	10
0		0 ⁰	X ¹	0 ³	0 ²
1		1 ⁴	X ⁵	0 ⁷	1 ⁶

$$S = J\bar{Q}_p$$

		K Q_p			
J		00	01	11	10
0		X ⁰	0 ¹	1 ³	X ²
1		0 ⁴	0 ⁵	1 ⁷	0 ⁶

$$R = KQ_p$$

K-Map

version of SR Flip Flop to T Flip Flop

1. Truth Table for T flip-flop

Input	Outputs	
T	Q_n	Q_{n+1}
0	0	0
0	1	1
1	0	1
1	1	0

2. Excitation Table for SR flip-flop

Outputs		Inputs	
Q_n	Q_{n+1}	S	R
0	0	0	X
0	1	1	0
1	0	0	1
1	1	X	0

3. Conversion Table

T	Q_n	Q_{n+1}	S	R
0	0	0	0	X
0	1	1	X	0
1	0	1	1	0
1	1	0	0	1

4. K-map Simplification

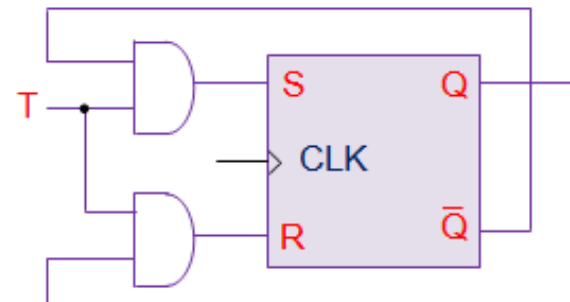
T \ Q_n	0	1
0	0 ⁰	X ¹
1	1 ²	0 ³

$$S = T\bar{Q}_n$$

T \ Q_n	0	1
0	X ⁰	0 ¹
1	0 ²	1 ³

$$R = TQ_n$$

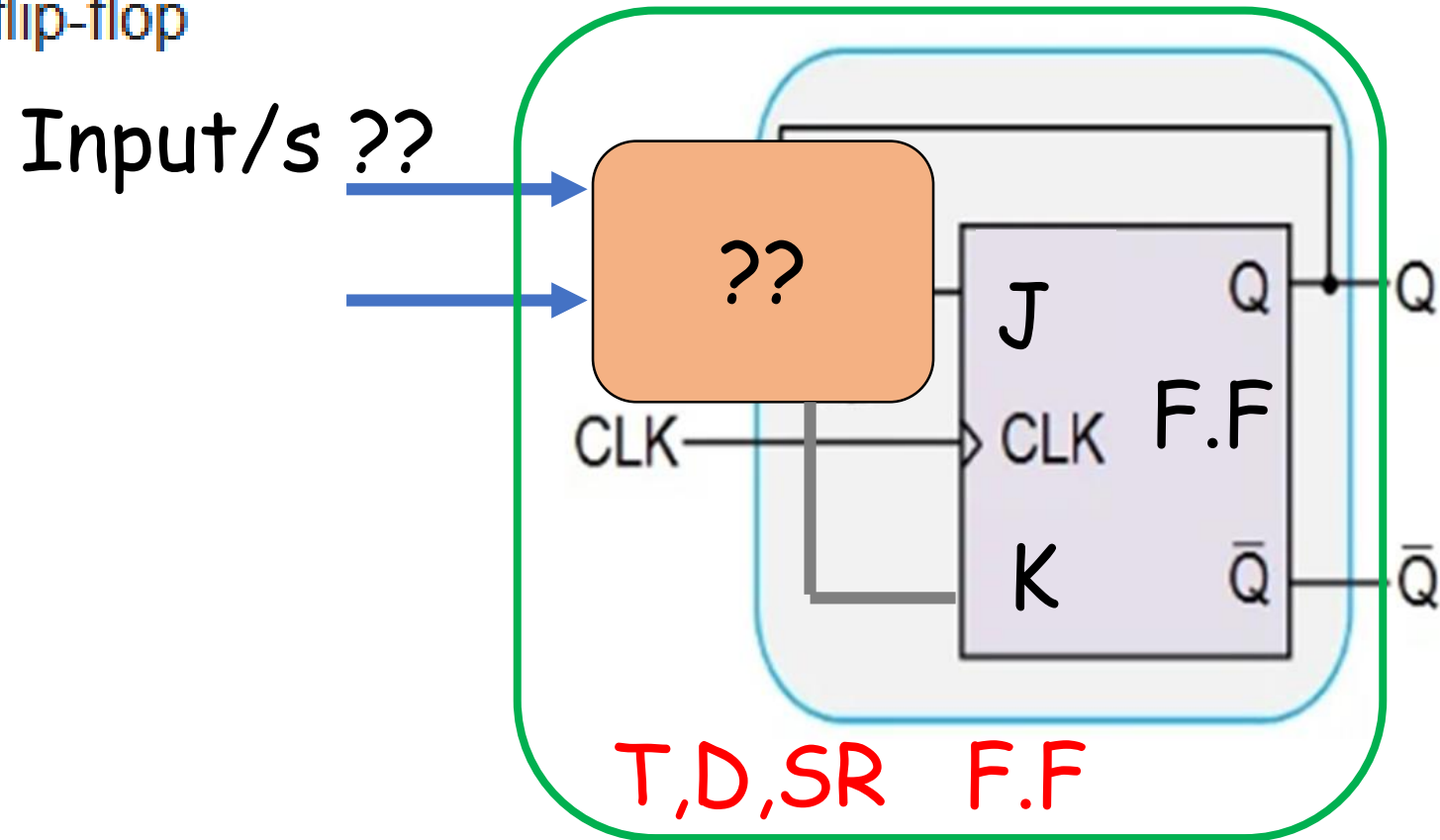
5. Circuit Design



JK Flip-Flop to other Flip-Flop Conversions

Following are the three possible conversions of JK flip-flop to other flip-flops.

- JK flip-flop to T flip-flop
- JK flip-flop to D flip-flop
- JK flip-flop to SR flip-flop



Conversion of JK Flip Flop to T Flip Flop

1. Truth Table for T Flip-Flop

Input	Outputs	
T	Q_n	Q_{n+1}
0	0	0
0	1	1
1	0	1
1	1	0

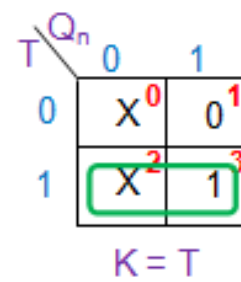
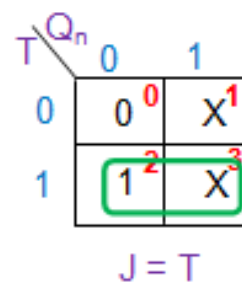
2. Excitation Table for JK Flip-Flop

Outputs		Inputs	
Q_n	Q_{n+1}	J	K
0	0	0	X
0	1	1	X
1	0	X	1
1	1	X	0

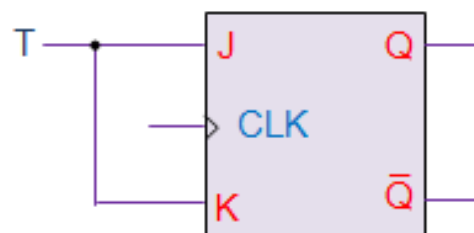
3. Conversion Table

T	Q_n	Q_{n+1}	J	K
0	0	0	0	X
0	1	1	X	0
1	0	1	1	X
1	1	0	X	1

4. K-map Simplification



5. Circuit Design

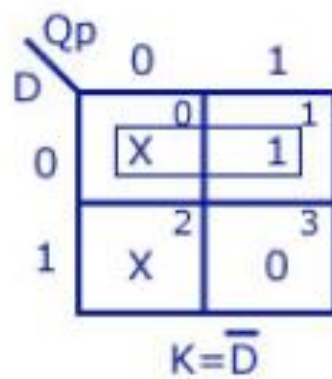
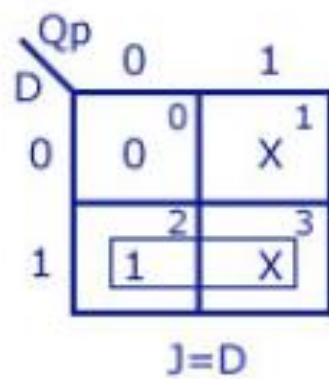


J-K Flip Flop to D Flip Flop

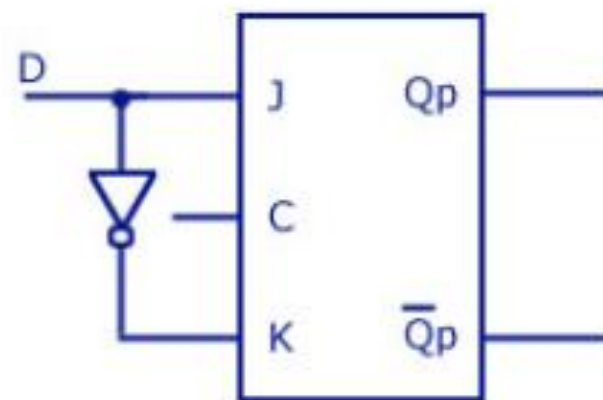
Conversion Table

D Input	Outputs		J-K Inputs	
	Q_p	Q_{p+1}	J	K
0	0	0	0	X
0	1	0	X	1
1	0	1	1	X
1	1	0	X	0

K-maps



Logic Diagram



Conversion of JK Flip-Flop to SR Flip-Flop

Step 1: Write the Truth Table of the Desired Flip-Flop

Here SR flip-flop is to be designed using JK flip-flop. Thus one needs to write the truth table for SR flip-flop.

Inputs		Outputs	
S	R	Present State, Q_n	Next State, Q_{n+1}
0	0	0	0
0	0	1	1
0	1	0	0
0	1	1	0
1	0	0	1
1	0	1	1
1	1	invalid	
1	1	invalid	

Step 2: Obtain the Excitation Table for the given Flip-Flop from its Truth Table

Excitation tables provide the details regarding the inputs which must be provided to the flip-flop to obtain a definite next state (Q_{n+1}) from the known current state (Q_n).

Truth Table for JK Flip-Flop

Inputs		Outputs	
J	K	Q_n	Q_{n+1}
0	0	0	0
0	0	1	1
0	1	0	0
0	1	1	0
1	0	0	1
1	0	1	1
1	1	0	1
1	1	1	0

Excitation Table for JK Flip-Flop

Outputs		Inputs	
Q_n	Q_{n+1}	J	K
0	0	0	X
0	1	1	X
1	0	X	1
1	1	X	0

Here the conversion table is obtained by filling-up the values of the J and K inputs for the given Q_n and Q_{n+1} , by referring to the excitation table.

Conversion Table

S	R	Q_n	Q_{n+1}	J	K
0	0	0	0	0	X
0	0	1	1	X	0
0	1	0	0	0	X
0	1	1	0	X	1
1	0	0	1	1	X
1	0	1	1	X	0
1	1	invalid		X	X
1	1	invalid		X	X

In this case, one needs to arrive at the logical expressions for the inputs J and K in terms of S, R and Q_n using suitable simplification technique like **K-map**.

S	RQ_n			
	00	01	11	10
0	0 ⁰	X ¹	X ³	0 ²
1	1 ⁴	X ⁵	X ⁷	X ⁶

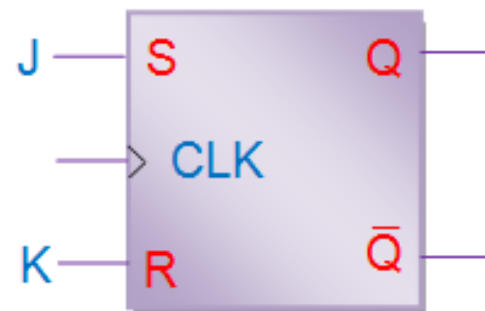
$$J = S$$

S	RQ_n			
	00	01	11	10
0	X ⁰	0 ¹	1 ³	X ²
1	X ⁴	0 ⁵	X ⁷	X ⁶

$$K = R$$

Step 5: Design the Necessary Circuit and make the Connections accordingly

Here neither additional circuit nor new connections are necessary.

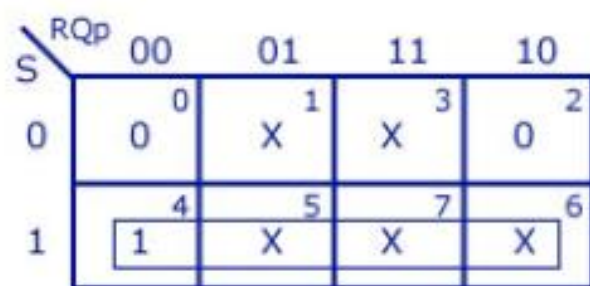
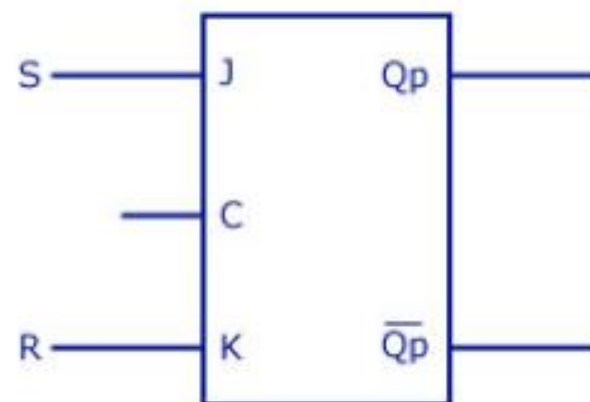


J-K Flip Flop to S-R Flip Flop

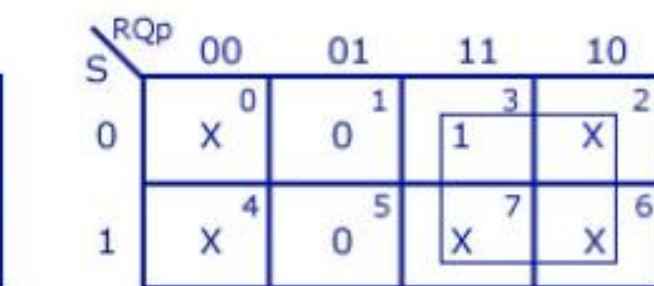
Conversion Table

S-R Inputs		Outputs		J-K Inputs	
S	R	Q _p	Q _{p+1}	J	K
0	0	0	0	0	X
0	0	1	1	X	0
0	1	0	0	0	X
0	1	1	0	X	1
1	0	0	1	1	X
1	0	1	1	X	0
1	1	Invalid		Dont care	
1	1	Invalid		Dont care	

Logic Diagram



J=S



K=R

K=R

T Flip-Flop to other Flip-Flop Conversions

Following are the three possible conversions of T flip-flop to other flip-flops.

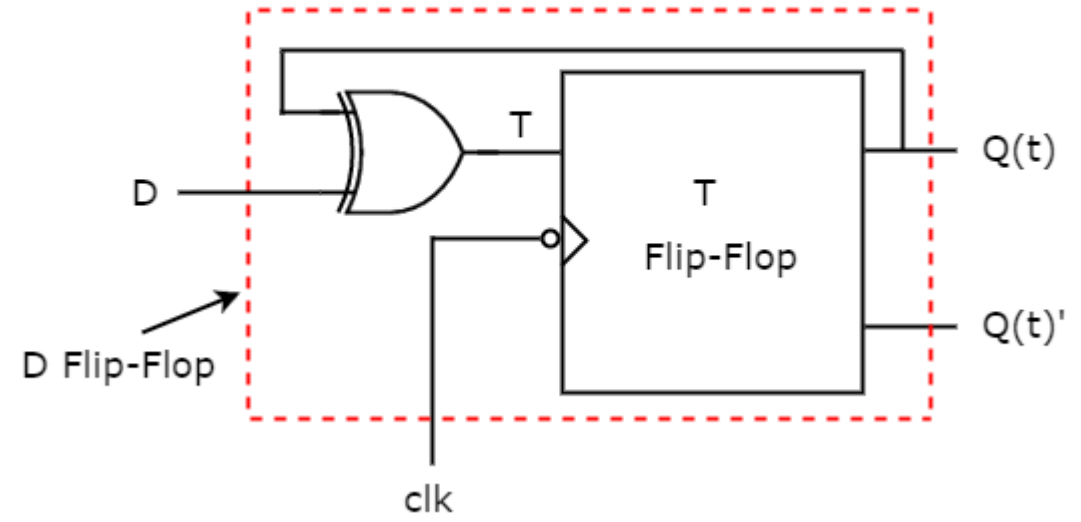
- ▣ T flip-flop to D flip-flop
- ▣ T flip-flop to SR flip-flop
- ▣ T flip-flop to JK flip-flop

D flip-flop input	Present State	Next State	T flip-flop input
D	Q_t	Q_{t+1}	T
0	0	0	0
0	1	0	1
1	0	1	1
1	1	1	0

From the above table, we can directly write the Boolean function of T as below.

$$T = D \oplus Q(t)$$

So, we require a two input Exclusive-OR gate along with T flip-flop. The **circuit diagram** of D flip-flop is shown in the following figure.



Conversion of SR Flip Flop to JK Flip Flop

1. Truth Table for JK flip-flop

Inputs		Outputs	
J	K	Q_n	Q_{n+1}
0	0	0	0
0	0	1	1
0	1	0	0
0	1	1	0
1	0	0	1
1	0	1	1
1	1	0	1
1	1	1	0

2. Excitation Table for SR flip-flop

Outputs		Inputs	
Q_n	Q_{n+1}	S	R
0	0	0	X
0	1	1	0
1	0	0	1
1	1	X	0

3. Conversion Table

J	K	Q_n	Q_{n+1}	S	R
0	0	0	0	0	X
0	0	1	1	X	0
0	1	0	0	0	X
0	1	1	0	0	1
1	0	0	1	1	0
1	0	1	1	X	0
1	1	0	1	1	0
1	1	1	0	0	1

4. K-map Simplification

J \ K Q_n	00	01	11	10
0	0 ⁰	X ¹	0 ³	0 ²
1	1 ⁴	X ⁵	0 ⁷	1 ⁶

$$S = J\bar{Q}_n$$

J \ K Q_n	00	01	11	10
0	X ⁰	0 ¹	1 ³	X ²
1	0 ⁴	0 ⁵	1 ⁷	0 ⁶

$$R = KQ_n$$

5. Circuit Design

