

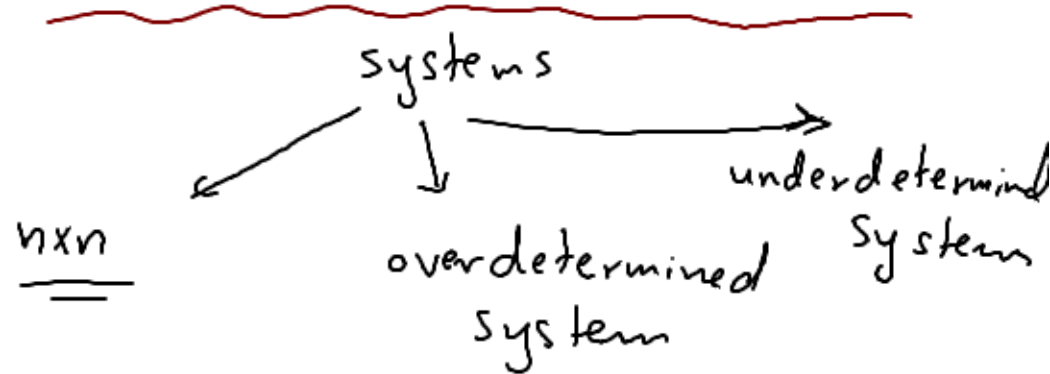
## Equivalent Systems      انظمة متكافئة

Two systems of equations involving the same variables, and they have the same solution set.      نفس مجموعة الحل

ex  
the following are two equivalent systems :-

$$\begin{array}{l} \textcircled{A} \\ \textcircled{B} \end{array} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} 3x_1 + 2x_2 - x_3 = -2 \\ x_2 = 3 \\ 2x_3 = 4 \end{array} \right. \left\{ \begin{array}{l} 3x_1 + 2x_2 - x_3 = -2 \\ -3x_1 - x_2 + x_3 = 5 \\ 3x_1 + 2x_2 + x_3 = 2 \end{array} \right.$$

use backsubstitution



□  $n \times n$  system

number of equations = number

of unknowns =  $n$

strict triangular form

If the system has in the  $k^{\text{th}}$  equation the coefficients

of the first  $(k-1)$  variables are all zeros and the coefficient of  $x_k$  is non zero ( $k=1, 2, \dots, n$ ).

ex on strict triangular form.

$$\begin{cases} 3x_1 + 2x_2 + x_3 = 1 \\ x_2 - x_3 = 2 \\ 2x_3 = 4 \end{cases}$$

$3 \times 3$  system.

$k=2 \Rightarrow$  eq:2,  $x_1$  does = 0

$x_2, x_3, x_4, x_5$  does  $\neq 0$

to solve the previous system  
use Back substitution

$$\frac{2x_3}{2} = \frac{4}{2} \rightarrow \boxed{x_3 = 2}$$

$$x_2 - x_3 = 2$$

$$x_2 - 2 = 2 \rightarrow \boxed{x_2 = 4}$$

$$3x_1 + 2x_2 + x_3 = 1$$

$$3x_1 + 2(4) + (2) = 1$$

$$3x_1 + 10 = 1 \rightarrow 3x_1 = -9 \Rightarrow \boxed{x_1 = -3}$$

solution:  $(-3, 4, 2)$ .

H.W

$$2x_1 - x_2 + 3x_3 - 2x_4 = 1$$

$$x_2 - 2x_3 + 3x_4 = 2$$

$$4x_3 + 3x_4 = 3$$

$$4x_4 = 4$$

ex solve the system

$$x_1 + 2x_2 + x_3 = 3$$

$$3x_1 - x_2 - 3x_3 = -1$$

$$2x_1 + 3x_2 + x_3 = 4$$

sol:

write the augmented matrix

$$\left[ \begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 2 & 1 & 3 \\ 3 & -1 & -3 & -1 \\ 2 & 3 & 1 & 4 \end{array} \right] \rightarrow$$

$$\begin{array}{l} 3x_1 + 2x_2 = 5 \\ -3 \rightarrow x_1 - 7x_2 = 3 \end{array}$$

Elementary Row Operations:-

① Interchange two rows.

② Multiply a row by a non-zero real number.

③ Replace a row by its sum with a multiple of another row.

note:

Elementary row operations don't change the solution of the system

$$\left[ \begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 2 & 1 & 3 \\ 3 & -1 & -3 & -1 \\ 2 & 3 & 1 & 4 \end{array} \right] \rightarrow \text{pivotal row}$$

مطلوب تحويله الى هيرش

$$\begin{array}{l} -3R_1 + R_2 \\ -2R_1 + R_3 \end{array} \rightarrow$$

$$\left[ \begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 2 & 1 & 3 \\ 0 & -7 & -6 & -10 \\ 0 & -1 & -1 & -2 \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow{\frac{1}{7}R_2 + R_3} \begin{array}{l} \frac{1}{7}R_2 + R_3 \\ -7 \neq \frac{1}{7} = 1 \end{array}$$

مطلوب تحويله الى هيرش

$$\left[ \begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 2 & 1 & 3 \\ 0 & -7 & -6 & -10 \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{-1}{7} & \frac{-4}{7} \end{array} \right]$$

$$\frac{6}{7} + -1 = \frac{6}{7} - \frac{7}{7} = \frac{-1}{7}$$

$$\frac{10}{7} + -2 = \frac{10}{7} - \frac{14}{7} = \frac{-4}{7}$$

system :

$$x_1 + 2x_2 + x_3 = 3$$

$$-7x_2 - 6x_3 = -10$$

$$-\frac{1}{7}x_3 = \frac{-4}{7}$$

now solve this system  
using backsubstitution.

$$-\frac{1}{7}x_3 = -\frac{4}{7} \rightarrow -x_3 = -4 \rightarrow \boxed{x_3 = 4}$$

$$-7x_2 - 6x_3 = -10$$

$$-7x_2 - 6(4) = -10 \Rightarrow -7x_2 - 24 = -10$$

$$\frac{-7x_2}{-7} = \frac{14}{-7} \rightarrow \boxed{x_2 = -2}$$

$$x_1 + 2x_2 + x_3 = 3$$

$$x_1 + 2(-2) + (4) = 3 \rightarrow x_1 - 4 + 4 = 3 \rightarrow \boxed{x_1 = 3}$$

$$\text{sol: } (3, -2, 4)$$

unique solution.