

Homework1

- 1) A car is moving with a velocity 35 m/s. What is the velocity in km/h?

(1km = 1000m) (1 h = 60 minutes) (1 minute = 60 seconds)

$$35 \text{ m} = 35 \times 1 \text{ km} / 1000 \text{ m} = 0.035 \text{ km}$$

$$1 \text{ s} = 1 \times 1 \text{ minute} / 60 \text{ s} \times 1 \text{ hour} / 60 \text{ min} = 1 / 3600 = 0.000278 \text{ h}$$

$$35 \text{ m/s} = 0.035 \text{ km} / 0.000278 \text{ h} = 126 \text{ km/h}$$

- 2) An object is thrown upward. If it reached the highest point in 8 seconds:
- A) What is the initial speed of the object?
 - B) What is the speed of the object when it hits the ground?
 - C) What is the time taken for speed of object to be a quarter of the initial speed?

a) $V_f = V_i + a t$ ---> at max height ---> $0 = V_i - 10 \times 8$ ----> $V_i = 80 \text{ m/s}$

b) $V_f = V_i + a t$ ---> from max height to ground ---> $V_f = 0 - 10 \times 8$ ---> $V_f = -80 \text{ m/s}$

c) Quarter the initial speed ---> $V = 0.25 \times 80 = 20 \text{ m/s}$

$$V_f = V_i + a t \text{ ---> } 20 = 80 - 10 \times t \text{ ---> } t = 6 \text{ s}$$

- 3) An object is moving in a horizontal line.

The position vs time graph is shown in this figure:

- a. What is the position of the object at

$$T = 2 \text{ s? } 3\text{m}$$

- b. What is the time when the ball is

$$\text{At position } x = 6\text{m? } 4\text{s}$$

- c. What is the average velocity of

The object?

$$\Delta Y / \Delta x = (3 - 0) / (2 - 0) = 3/2 = 1.5 \text{ m/s}$$



